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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. INFN/0051 8829 10/761,127 01/20/2004 Joachim Schnabel **EXAMINER** 46798 7590 08/11/2005 MOSER, PATTERSON & SHERIDAN, LLP NGUYEN, DANG T GERO G. MCCLELLAN/INFINEON ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 3040 POST OAK BLVD., **SUITE 1500** 2824

DATE MAILED: 08/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/761,127	SCHNABEL ET AL.		
	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Dang T. Nguyen	2824		
The MAILING DATE of this commu Period for Reply	inication appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address -	•	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU!  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisio after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this cor  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION.  ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may nmunication.  (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of t statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) M bly will, by statute, cause the application to become s after the mailing date of this communication, even	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communica ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.	
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) f	iled on <u>20 January 2004</u> .			
2a)☐ This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.			
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-20</u> is/are reject 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>4</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to rest	/are withdrawn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
	v 2004 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) pjection to the drawing(s) be held in abey ng the correction is required if the drawi	vance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
2. Certified copies of the priori 3. Copies of the certified copies	ty documents have been received. ty documents have been received ir es of the priority documents have be tional Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n Application No en received in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/20/04.	(PTO-948) Paper № 0 Paper № 5) Notice	w Summary (PTO-413) Io(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Search history.		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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1. This action is responsive to the following communications: the Application and the Information Disclosure Statement filed on January 20, 2004.

2. Claims 1 – 20 are pending in this case. Claims 1, 11, and 18 are independent claims.

### **Priority**

3. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 6 – 18 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fiscus, Patent No.: US 6,714,473 B1 – filed Nov. 30, 2001.

Regarding independent claim 1, Fig. 1 of Fiscus discloses a method for refreshing dynamic memory cells arranged along word lines and bit lines, comprising:

generating a refresh signal [104] to activate a word line to refresh a charge stored in memory cells [106] arranged on the word line (Col. 2, lines 30-51);

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monitoring an amount of charge loss of one or more sets of dynamic reference cells [110 and 112] (Col. 5, lines 32-39); and

adjusting a frequency of the refresh signal based on the monitored amount of charge loss (Col. 6 lines 21-41).

Regarding dependent claim 6, Fig. 4 of Fiscus discloses wherein monitoring the amount of charge loss of the one or more sets of reference cells comprises:

precharging a first set [110] of the reference cells on a first reference word line [WLL] to a first potential value [VLO] (Col. 4, lines 37-51);

Isolating the first set of reference cells from a first common bit line (see Fig. 4); a known time later, connecting the first set [110] of reference cells [110 and 112] to the first common bit line [V0]; and

comparing a potential on the first common bit line [V0] with a first reference potential [VLO] (Col. 5 lines 39-41).

**Regarding dependent claim 7**, Fig. 4 of Fiscus discloses further comprising precharging the first common bit line to a center potential (Col. 4, lines 36-40).

Regarding dependent claim 8, Fig. 4 of Fiscus discloses wherein the first reference potential [VLO] is a ground reference.

Regarding dependent claim 9, Fig. 4 of Fiscus discloses precharging a second set [112] of the reference cells on a second reference word line [WLH] to a second potential value [VHI];

isolating the second set of reference cells from a second common bit line (Fig. 4);

a known time later, connecting the second set [112] of reference cells [110 and 112] to the second common bit line [V1]; and

comparing a potential on the second common bit line [V1] with a second reference potential [VHI] (Col. 5 lines 44-46).

Regarding dependent claim 10, Fiscus discloses wherein adjusting the frequency of the refresh signal based on the monitored amount of charge loss comprises:

increasing the frequency of the refresh signal if the potential on the first common bit line exceeds the first reference potential or the second reference potential exceeds the potential on the second common bit line (Col. 1 lines 33-38); and

decreasing the frequency of the refresh signal if the first reference potential exceeds the potential on the first common bit line and the potential on the second common bit line exceeds the second reference potential (Col. 1 lines 21-29).

Regarding independent claim 11, Figs. 1, 2 and 4 of Fiscus disclose a circuit for adjusting a frequency of a refresh signal used to refresh dynamic memory cells, comprising:

a first set [110] of reference cells connectable to a first common bit line [BLL] by activation of a first common word line [WLL];

a second set [112] of reference cells connectable to a second common bit line [BLH] by activation of a second common word line [WLH]; and

a regulating unit [104] configured to monitor an amount of charge loss of the first [110] and second [112] reference cells (Col. 5, lines 32-39) and adjust the frequency of

the refresh signal used to refresh the dynamic memory cells based on the monitored amount of charge loss (Col. 6 lines 21-41).

Regarding dependent claim 12, Figs. 1 and 2 of Fiscus discloses wherein the regulating unit [104] is configured to generate one or more control signals [CSL, SET, EGLF, WL] to activate the first and second sets of reference cells [110 and 112] in order to monitor the amount of charge loss of the first and second reference cells [110 and 112] (Col. 5 lines 32-50).

Regarding dependent claim 13, Figs. 1 and 2 of Fiscus disclose wherein the regulating unit [104] is configured to: increase the frequency of the refresh signal if the loss of charge of either the first and second sets of reference cells exceeds a threshold amount; and decrease the frequency of the refresh signal if the loss of charge of both the first and second sets of reference cells does not exceed the threshold amount (Col. 1 lines 21-38).

Regarding dependent claim 14, Fig. 4 of Fiscus discloses wherein the regulating circuit is configured to:

precharge (Col. 4 lines 37-38) the first and second sets of reference cells [110 and 112] to respective first and second potential values [VLO and VHI],

isolating the first [110] and sets of reference cells from the respective first [V0] and second [V1] common bit lines;

a known time later, connect the first and second sets of reference cells [110 and 112] to the respective first and second common bit lines [V0 and V1];

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determine the charge loss of the first set [110] of reference cells by comparing [130] a potential on the first common bit line [V0] with a first reference potential [VLO]; and

determine the charge loss of the second set [112] of reference cells by comparing [132] a potential on the second common bit line V1] with a second reference potential [VHI].

Regarding dependent claim 15, Figs. 1 and 4 of Fiscus disclose wherein:

the first potential value is ground [VLO];

the second potential value is above ground [VHI];

the regulating unit [104] is configured to increase the frequency of the refresh signal if the potential on the first common bit line exceeds the first reference potential, the second reference potential exceeds the potential on the second common bit line (Col. 1 lines 33-38), or both; and

the regulating unit [104] is configured to decrease the frequency of the refresh signal if the first reference potential exceeds the potential on the first common bit line and the potential on the second common bit line exceeds the second reference potential (Col. 1 lines 21-29).

Regarding dependent claim 16, Figs. 1 and 4 of Fiscus disclose wherein the regulating circuit [104] is configured to precharge (Col. 4 lines 37-38) the first and second common bit lines [BBL and BLH] to a center potential prior to connecting the first and second sets [110 and 112] of reference cells to the respective first and second common bit lines [V0 and V1].

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Regarding dependent claim 17, Fiscus discloses wherein the regulating unit initiates the monitoring of charge loss of the first and second sets of reference cells (Col. 5 lines 32-39) and the adjusting of the frequency of the refresh signal based on one or more word address signals received from a refresh circuit (Col. 6 lines 21-41).

**Regarding independent claim 18**, Figs. 1, 2 and 4 of Fiscus disclose a memory device, comprising:

a plurality of dynamic memory cells arranged along word lines and bit lines of the device (Fig. 1 [106]);

at least a first set [110] of reference cells arranged around a first common word line (Fig. 1, [110] connect to 106]) and a first common bit line [V0];

a refresh circuit [104] for generating a refresh signal [CSL or SET...] to refresh the dynamic memory cells [106], and

a refresh frequency adjust circuit to adjust a frequency of the refresh signal based on a monitored amount of charge loss of the first set of reference cells (Col. 1 lines 30-47).

Regarding dependent claim 20, Figs. 1 and 4 of Fiscus disclose the memory device further comprising:

at least a second set [112] of reference cells arranged around a second common word line [WLH] and a second common bit line [BLH]; and

wherein the refresh frequency adjust circuit is configured to adjust the frequency of the refresh signal based on a monitored amount of charge loss of both the first and second sets of reference cells (Col. 1 lines 30-47).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2 – 3, 5 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fiscus, Patent No.: US 6,714,473 B1 – filed Nov. 30, 2001 in view of Le et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,891,404 B2, filed (6/11/02).

Regarding dependent claims 2 and 3, Fiscus as applied to claim 1 above disclosed every aspect of applicant's claimed invention except for the frequency of the refresh signal is set by dividing a fundamental frequency by a frequency divider and adjusting the frequency of the refresh signal comprises adjusting the frequency divider.

Fig. 9 of Lee discloses a frequency divider [504 and 506] and the frequency of refresh signal comprises adjusting the frequency divider (Col. 6 lines 1-2).

Fiscus and Le are common subject matter for refreshing frequency. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporated. Le's adjusting frequency divider into Fiscus's frequency of refresh signal for the purpose of providing the advantage of saving costs and reducing test time by eliminating the use of external measuring devices for testing the frequency of the refresh signal (Col. 2 lines 56-59).

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Regarding dependent claim 5, Fiscus discloses wherein the first and second threshold values are different (Abstract, lines 11-14).

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Regarding dependent claim 19, Fiscus as applied to claim 18 above disclosed every aspect of applicant's claimed invention except for a frequency of the refresh signal is established by dividing a fundamental frequency of an oscillator circuit by a counter value; and the refresh frequency adjust circuit is configured to adjust the frequency of the refresh signal by adjusting the counter value.

Fig. 9 of Le discloses a frequency of refresh signal [CLKREF or TMSRF] is established by dividing a frequency of an oscillator circuit [OSC] by a counter value [514] and adjusting the frequency of the refresh signal by adjusting the counter value (Col. 5 lines 1-13).

Fiscus and Le are common subject matter for refreshing frequency. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporated Le's counter into Fiscus's frequency of the refresh signal for the purpose of providing an adjustment signal representative of the frequency of signal (Col. 4 lines 30-31).

### Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claim 4 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

With respect to claim 4, the primary reason for indication of allowable subject matter is that the prior art fails to teach or suggest "increasing the frequency divider if the monitored amount of charge loss falls below a first threshold value and decreasing the frequency divider if the monitored amount of charge loss exceeds a second threshold value".

#### Prior art

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chen Hsu et al. Patent No. US 6,483,764 B2 Date of Patent: Nov. 19, 2002

Swan et al. Patent No. US 5,977,836 Date of Patent: Nov. 2, 1999

#### **Contact Information**

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to Dang Nguyen, who can be reached by telephone at (571) 272-1955. Normal contact times are M-F, 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM.

Upon an unsuccessful attempt to contact the examiner, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Elms, may be reached at (571) 272-1869.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist, whose telephone number is (703)

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305-3900. The faxed phone number for organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the Status of an application may be obtained from the patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) or EBC@uspto.gov.

Dang Nguyen 7/27/2005

RICHARD ELMS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800